Comments on draft Test Guide (Draft Test Guide No. TEC 85141:2025)

Name of Manufacturer/Stakeholder	:	
Organization:		
Contact details:		

Clause No.	Clause	Comments	Other Remarks, if
			any

<u>Note</u>: The comments on the draft Test Guide (Draft Test Guide No. TEC 85141:2025) may be provided in the above format vide email to dirt2-tec-dot@gov.in , adet-tx-tec-dot@gov.in and ratx.tec-dot@nic.in



अनंतिम टेस्ट गाइड टीईसी ८५१४१:२०२५

(सं: टीएसटीपी/जीआर/ओएफसी १७/०१/जून -२००७ को अधिक्रमित करता है)

PROVISIONAL TEST GUIDE (Initial Draft)

TEC 85141:2025

(Supersedes No. TSTP/GR/OFC-17/01. JUN 2007)

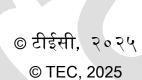
धातु मुक्त ऑप्टिकल फाइबर केबल (मानको सं.: टीईसी ८५१४०:२०२५)

METAL FREE OPTICAL FIBRE CABLE

(Draft Standard No.: TEC 85140:2025)



दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र खुर्शीदलाल भवन, जनपथ, नई दिल्ली-110001, भारत TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING CENTRE KHURSHIDLAL BHAWAN, JANPATH, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA www.tec.gov.in



इस सर्वाधिकार सुरक्षित प्रकाशन का कोई भी हिस्सा, दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र, नई दिल्ली की लिखित स्वीकृति के बिना, किसी भी रूप में या किसी भी प्रकार से जैसे - <u>इलेक्ट्रॉनिक</u>, मैकेनिकल,<u>फोटोकॉपी</u>, रिकॉर्डिंग, स्कैनिंग आदि रूप में प्रेषित, संग्रहीत या पुनरुत्पादित न किया जाए ।

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Release 2:, 2025

FOREWORD

Telecommunication Engineering Centre(TEC) functions under Department of Telecommunications (DOT), Government of India. Its activities include:

- Framing of TEC Standards for Generic Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Interface Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Service Requirements & Standard document of TEC for Telecom Products and Services
- Formulation of Essential Requirements (ERs) under Mandatory Testing and Certification of Telecom Equipment (MTCTE)
- Field evaluation of Telecom Products and Systems
- Designation of Conformity Assessment Bodies (CABs)/Testing facilities
- Testing & Certification of Telecom products
- Adoption of Standards
- Support to DoT on technical/technology issues

For the purpose of testing, four Regional Telecom Engineering Centres (RTECs) have been established which are located at New Delhi, Bangalore, Mumbai, and Kolkata.

ABSTRACT

This Test Guide for testing pertains to the test schedule and procedure for evaluating conformance/ functionality / requirements / performance of Standard for Generic requirements of Metal free Optical fibre cable.

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A. HISTORY SHEET

SI.No	TSTP / Document No.	Title	Remarks
1.	TSTP/GR/OFC-17/01.	Test Schedule and	Release 1
	JUN 2007	Test Procedure of	
		Metal free Optical fibre	
		cable (G.652 D Fibre)	
2.	TEC 85141:2025	Test Guide for	Release 2
		Standard for Generic	
		Requirements of Metal	
		free Optical fibre cable	

B. INTRODUCTION

This document enumerates detailed test schedule and procedure for evaluating conformance/ functionality / requirements / performance of Standard for Generic requirements of Metal free Optical fibre cable as per Draft Standard No. TEC 85140:2025.



C. General information:

Name of the manufacturer/	:
Trader/Supplier with address	
Make, Model no. & Serial No.	

General guidelines for the Testing Officer:

- 1. The testing officer must ensure before taking up the test that the manufacturer is fully equipped with required test facilities.
- 2. The Source of procurement, Make and Model No. of the instrument are required to be checked and mentioned.
- 3. The requirements of the clauses as per the GR shall be checked and the observation may be recorded against each clause in detail.
- 4. The test results against the clauses for which test facilities are not available, must be checked & observation to be noted.
- 5. Additional columns or rows, as required for recording of tests results, shall be added wherever it is necessary.
- 6. The testing officer must ensure that necessary certificates/undertakings are obtained against the clauses wherever permissible/required and shall be annexed with the test results. All the clauses are required to be commented.

D. Testing team	(to be filled by	testing team)
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Sno.	Name	Designation	Organization	Signature
1.				
2.				

E. List of the Test Instruments:

Sno.	Name of the test	Make /Model	Validity of
	instrument	(to be filled by testing team)	calibration
			(to be filled by
			testing team)
1.	Patch Cord		
2.	Fiber Spool		
3.	OTDR		

F. Equipment Configuration Offered: (to be filled by testing team)

(a) <Equipment/product name> Configuration:

S.No.	Item	Details	Remarks

Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product

(b) <Other equipment name> Configuration:

S.No.	Item	Details	Remarks

Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product

G. Equipment/System Manuals: (to be filled by testing team)

Availability of Maintenance manuals, Installation manual, Repair manual & User Manual etc. (Y/N)

H. Clause-wise Test Type:

Chapter 1

Clause	Clause	Type of Test /
No.		Test No. etc. *
1.0	Introduction:	Manufacturer
	This document describes the Standard for Generic	compliance shall
	Requirements of Metal free Optical fibre cable (multi	be checked and
	loose tube construction design) for underground	examined.
	installation in ducts. The optical fibre cable shall be	
	suitably protected for the ingress of moisture by suitable	
	water blocking materials. The raw material used in the	
	cable shall meet the requirements of the Standard for GR	
	for raw materials (Standard No TEC 89010:2021 or latest	
	release and subsequent amendments, if any).	
2.0	Functional Requirements:	
2.1	The design and construction of metal free optical fibre	Check as per the
	cable shall be inherently robust and rigid under all	requirement of the
	conditions of operation, installation, adjustment,	clause and
	replacement, storage and transport.	comment. The
		design shall also
		be checked.
		Undertaking shall
		also be submitted
		by manufacturer.
2.2	The optical fibre cable shall be able to work in a saline	Test certificate or
	atmosphere in coastal areas and should be protected	undertaking may
	against corrosion.	be obtained as per

		the a major vive we are 4 of
		the requirement of
		the clause.
2.3	Life of cable shall be at least 25 years. Necessary	The calculation
	statistical calculations shall be submitted by the	shall be checked
	manufacturer. The cable shall meet the cable aging test	& observations
	requirement.	are to be noted.
2.4	It shall be possible to operate and handle the metal free	The cable shall be
	optical fibre cable with tools as per Standard No TEC	checked by
	89060:2006 (or latest release) and subsequent	operating with the
	amendments, if any. If any special tool is required for	tools as
	operating and handling this optical fibre cable, the same	prescribed in the
	shall be provided along with the cable.	Standard No. TEC
		89060:2006 and
		observation to be
		noted.
		Undertaking shall
		also be submitted
		by the
		manufacturer.
2.5	The metal free optical fibre cable supplied shall be	Check as per the
	suitable and compatible to match with the dimensions,	requirement of the
	fixing, terminating & splicing arrangement of the splice	clause and
	closure & vice versa. The cable supplied shall also meet	comment.
	other requirement of splice closure as per Standard No	
	TEC 87080:2025 (latest release) and subsequent	
	amendments, if any.	
2.6	The manufacturer shall submit an undertaking that the	Check as per the
	optical and mechanical fibre characteristics shall not	requirement of the
	change during the life time of the cable against the	clause.

	manufacturing defects.	
2.7	It is mandatory that the Optical fibre cable supplied in a	Test certificate or
	particular route is manufactured from a single source of	undertaking may
	optical fibres.	be obtained as per
		the requirement of
		the clause
3.0	Technical Requirements of Optical Fibres :	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	Single Mode Optical Fibre used in manufacturing optical	clause and
	fibre cables shall be as per ITU-T Rec. G. 652 D and G.	comment.
	657 A1. The specifications of optical fibres are	
	mentioned below:	
3.1	Type of fibre (Wavelength band optimized nominal 1310 nm):	Check as per the
	To ro miny.	requirement of the
	Single mode as per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC	clause and
	89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent	comment
	amendments, if any.	
3.2	Geometrical Characteristics of fibre :	Record the
		observations.
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or	
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All	
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR	
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or	
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	
3.3	Transmission Characteristics of fibre:	Record the
		observations
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or	
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All	
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR	

r			
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)		
3.4	Mechanical Characteristics of fibre:		
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or	Record the	
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All	observations	
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR		
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)		
3.5	Material Properties of fibre:	Record	the
		observations	
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All		
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR		
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)		
3.6	Environmental Characteristic of Fibre :	Record	the
		observations	
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All		
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR		
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)		
3.7	Colour Qualification and Primary coating Test :	Record	the
		observations	
	As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All		
	the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR		
	for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or		
	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)		

3.8	Optical Fibre Cable Construction Specifications :	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	The cable shall be designed to the parameters mentioned	clause and
	in Annexure – I. The manufacturer shall submit designed	comment.
	calculation and the same shall be studied and checked.	
	TYPICAL STRUCTURAL DRAWING FOR 12 FIBRE OF	
	CABLE	
	DUMMY / FILLER RIPCORD(s) CORE WRAPPING (POLYESTER TAPE & BINDER) HDPE INNER SHEATH (BLACK) CENTRAL STRENGTH MEMBER [FRP] LOOSE TUBE WITH 2 FIBRES AND JELLY	
	CABLE FLOODING JELLY NYLON OUTER JACKET (ORANGE) CLASS POLITIC MARN.	
3.8.1	Secondary Protection :	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	The coated fibres shall be protected by loose	clause and
	packaging within a tube, which shall be filled with	comment.
	thixotropic jelly. The tube dimensions shall be as per	
	Annexure – I	
3.8.2	Number of fibres: 6,12,24 or 48	Check as per the
	(Type approval for a cable shall be issued depending	requirement of the
	upon the no. of fibres in the cable)	clause and
		comment.
3.8.3	Strength Member :	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	Solid FRP non-metallic strength member shall be used in	clause and
	the center of the cable core. The strength member in the	comment.
	cable shall be for strength and flexibility of the cable and	
	shall have anti buckling properties. The FRP shall keep	
	the fibre strain within permissible values. The strength	

	member shall be as per the Standard No. TEC	
	89010:2021(or latest release) and the subsequent	
	amendments, if any. The size of FRP shall be as per	
	Annexure - I.	
3.8.4	Cable Core Assembly :	Check as per the
	The primary coated fibres in loose tubes, stranded	requirement of the
	together around a central strength member (solid FRP	clause and
	rod) using helical or reverse lay techniques, shall	comment.
	form the cable core. The dimension of FRP and	
	stranding pitch shall be as per annexure -I.	
3.8.5	Core Wrapping: The main cable core shall be wrapped	Check as per the
	by a layer/layers of Polyester foil/tape. The Polyester foil/	requirement of the
	tape shall be as per Section-X of Standard No. TEC	clause and
	89010:2021(or latest release) and the subsequent	comment.
	amendments, if any. The Nylon/polyester binder thread	
	shall be used to hold the tape, if required. The	
	nylon/polyester binder thread shall be as per Section-IX	
	of Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and	
	the subsequent amendments, if any. The core wrapping	
	shall not adhere to the secondary fibre coating and shall	
	not leave any kink marks over the loose tubes.	
3.8.6	Moisture barrier (protection): The main cable core	Check as per the
	(containing Tube/FRP & Core wrapping) shall be	requirement of the
	protected by thixotrophic flooding compound (Jelly)	clause and
	having properties of non hygroscopic dielectric material.	comment.
3.8.7	Filling and flooding compound: The filling/flooding	Check as per the
	compound used in the loose tube and in the cable core	requirement of the
	shall be compatible to fibre, secondary protection of fibre,	clause and
	core wrapping and other component parts of the cables.	comment.
	The drip point shall not be lower than +70 °C. The fibre	

movement shall not be constrained by stickiness and shall be removable easily for splicing. The test method to measure drop point shall be as per ASTM D 566. The filling and the flooding jelly compound shall be as per the Standard No TEC 89010:2021 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. 3.8.8 Glass Reinforcement: Check as per the Impregnated Glass Fibre Reinforcement are used to requirement of the achieve the required tensile strength of the optical fibre clause and cables over the cable core to provide peripheral comment. reinforcement along with Solid Rigid FRP Rod in the centre of cable core. These flexible strength members shall be of water blocking type. The use of Solid Rigid FRP Rod(s) is mandatory in Optical Fibre cable design. Impregnated Glass Fibre Reinforcement used shall be equally distributed over the periphery of the cable core. quantity of the Impregnated Glass Fibre Reinforcement used per km length of the cable along with its dimensions shall be as per Annexure - I. The specification of the glass roving shall be as per as per Section XII of TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any and as per other details given in the Annexure –I. 3.8.9 Inner Sheath: Check as per the A non Metallic moisture barrier sheath may be applied requirement of the over and above the cable core. The core shall be clause and covered with tough weather resistant High Density comment. Polyethylene (HDPE) sheath, black in color (UV stabilized). Thickness of the sheath shall be uniform and shall not be less than 1.8 mm. The sheath shall be

	circular, Smooth, free from pin holes, joints, mended	
	pieces and other defects. Reference test method to	
	measure thickness shall be as per IEC 60811-202.	
	Note: HDPE material, black in colour, from the finished	
	cable shall be subjected to following tests (on sample	
	basis) and shall confirm to the requirement of the	
	material as per as per Section III of Standard No. TEC	
	89010:2021(or latest release) and the subsequent	
	amendments, if any.	
	i) Density	
	ii) Melt Flow Index	
	iii) Carbon Black Content	
	iv) Carbon Black Dispersion	
	v) ESCR	
	vi) Moisture Content	
	vii) Tensile Strength and Elongation at break	
	viii) Oxidative Induction time	
	ix) Absorption Coefficient	
	x) Brittleness Temperature	
3.8.10	Outer Jacket (Sheath):	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	A circular sheath/Jacket of not less than 0.65 mm thick	clause and
	of Polyamide-12 /Nylon-12 material orange in colour,	comment.
	free from pin holes, scratches and other defects etc.	
	shall be provided over and above the HDPE sheath. The	
	Nylon Jacket shall have smooth finish.	
3.8.11	RIP Cord:	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	a) Two suitable rip cords shall be provided in the cable	

which shall be used to open the HDPE sheath of the cable. The rip cords shall be placed diametrically opposite to each other. It shall be capable of consistently slitting the sheath without breaking for a length of 1 meter at the installation temperature. The rip cords (3 ply & twisted) shall be properly waxed to avoid wicking action and shall not work as a water carrier. b) The rip cord used in the cable shall be readily distinguishable from any other components utilized in the cable construction. 3.8.12 Cable diameter: The finished cable diameter shall be as per Annexure –I. Cable Weight: The nominal cable weight shall be as per Annexure –I Annexure –I Mechanical Characteristics and Tests on Optical Fibre Cable: 4.1 Tensile Strength Test: Check and note down the observation in Table below particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a cable which may occur during installation.			
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4.1 Tensile Strength Test: Objective: This measuring method applies to optical fibre cables which are tested at a particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a	4.0	Mechanical Characteristics and Tests on Optical Fibre	
Objective: This measuring method applies to optical fibre cables which are tested at a particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a		Cable:	
Objective: This measuring method applies to optical observation in fibre cables which are tested at a particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a	4.1	Tensile Strength Test:	Check and note
fibre cables which are tested at a particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a			down the
particular tensile strength in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a		Objective : This measuring method applies to optical	observation in
behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a		fibre cables which are tested at a	Table below
		particular tensile strength in order to examine the	
cable which may occur during installation.		behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a	
		cable which may occur during installation.	

Test Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E1.

Test Specs. :The cable shall have sufficient strength to withstand a load of value $T(N) = 9.81 \times 2.5 \text{ W}$ Newtons or 2670 N whichever is higher (where W-mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg). The load shall be sustained for 10 minutes and the strain on the fibre and the attenuation shall be monitored.

Requirements: The load shall not produce a strain exceeding 0.25% in the fiber and shall not cause any permanent physical and optical damage to any component of the cable. The attenuation shall be noted before strain and after the release of strain. The change in attenuation of each fiber after the test shall be < 0.05 dB both for 1310nm & 1550 nm wavelengths.

Test Results:

Length	ahon n	
1 61 611	1 (3)(1)	

Requirement:

1. Change in attenuation : ≤ 0.05 dB

2. Strain under load : ≤ 0.25%

Change in attenuation measurement:

Colour	Colour	Initial R	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation /
of	of Fibre			Attenuation (dB)		Remarks		
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

Strain Testing: The strain is monitored by using fibre strain tester. Fibre strain under load to be tested. Record the observations.

4.2	Abrasion Test :	Check and note
	Objective: To test the abrasion resistance of the	down the
	sheath and marking printed on the surface of the	observation in Table
	cable.	below
	Test Method: IEC-60794-1-21-E2	
	Test Specs : The cable surface shall be abraded with	
	needle (wt. 150 gm) having diameter of 1 mm with	
	500 grams weight (Total weight more than equal to	
	650 gms.).	
	No. of cycles : 100	

Duration : One	minute (Nominal)	
Requirement : There shall I	be no perforation and loss	
of legibility of the marking o	n the sheath.	

Test Results:

Length Code	Load Applied	No. of cycles	Duration	Observation / Remarks
	650 gms	100 cycles	01 Minute	

Check and note

observation in Table

down the

below

4.3 Crush Test (Compressive test):

Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of the optical fibre cable to withstand crushing.

Test Method: IEC-60794-1-21-E3.

Test Specs: The fibers and component part of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage when subjected to a compressive load of 2000 N applied, between the plates of dimension 100 X 100 mm. The load shall be applied for 60 Seconds. The attenuation shall be noted before/after the completion of the test.

Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre 1550nm wavelengths.

after the test shall be < 0.05 dB both for 1310nm and

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final R	Final Reading		in	Observation /
of	of Fibre						on (dB)	Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.4	Impact Test :	Check and note
		down the
	Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the	observation in Table
	ability of an optical fiber cable to withstand the impact.	below
	Test Method: IEC 60794 -1- 21-E4	
	Test Specs: The cable shall have sufficient strength	
	to withstand an impact caused by a mass weight of 50	
	Newton, when falls freely from a height of 0.5 meters.	
	The radius 'R' of the surface causing impact shall be	

300 mm. 10 such impacts shall be applied on different places typically spaced not less than 500mm apart. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.

Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be \leq 0.05 dB, both for 1310nm and 1550nm wavelengths.

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre						on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.5 Repeated Bending Test :

Objective: The purpose of the test is to determine the ability of an optical fiber cable to withstand repeated bending.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Test Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E6

Test Specs.: The cable sample shall be of sufficient length (5 m minimum) to permit radiant power measurements as required by this test. Longer length may be used, if required.

Parameters:

a) Weight : 5 Kg or as per FOTP-104

whichever is higher

b) Minimum distance from Pulley centre to holding device: 216 mm

c) Minimum distance from Wt. to Pulley centre

: 457 mm

d) Pulley Diameter. : 20 D (D - cable diameter)

e) Angle of Turning : 90°

f) No. of cycles : 30

g) Time Required for 30 cycles: 1 minute to 2 minutes

h) Length of Cable sample : 5m (minimum)

Requirement: During the test no fiber shall break and the attenuation shall be noted before and after the

completion of the test. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be less \leq 0.05 dB, both for 1310 and 1550nm wavelengths.

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change in		Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.6	Torsion Test:	Check and note
		down the
	Object :The purpose of this test is to determine the	observation in Table
	ability of an optical fibre cable to withstand torsion.	below
	Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E7.	

Test Specs. :The length of the specimen under test shall be 2 meters and the load shall be 100 N. The sample shall be mounted in the test apparatus with cable clamped in the fixed clamp, sufficiently tight, to prevent the movement of cable sheath during the test. One end of the cable shall be fixed to the rotating clamp, which shall be rotated in a clock wise direction for one turn. The sample shall then be returned to the starting position and then rotated in an anti-clock wise direction for one turn and returned to the starting position. This complete movement constitutes one cycle. The cable shall withstand ten such complete cycles. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.

Requirement: The cable shall be examined physically for any cracks, tearing on the outer sheath and for the damage to other component ports of the cable. The twist mark shall not be taken as damage. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wave lengths.

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation /
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.7 Kink Test :

Objective: The purpose of this test is to verify whether kinking of an optical fibre cable results in breakage of any fibre, when a loop is formed of dimension small enough to induce a kink on the sheath.

Method: IEC 60974-1-21-E10.

Test Specs. :The sample length shall be 10 times the minimum bending radius of the cable. The sample is held in both hands, a loop is made of a bigger diameter and by stretching both the ends of the cable in opposite direction, the loop is made to the minimum bend radius so that no kink shall form. After the cable comes in normal condition, the attenuation reading is taken.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Requirement: The kink should disappear after the cable comes in normal condition. The change in attenuation of the fibre after test shall be ≤ 0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm & 1550 nm wavelengths.

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre						on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.8	Cable Bend Test :	Check and note
		down the

Objective :The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of an optical fibre cable to withstand repeated flexing. The procedure is designed to measure optical transmittance changes and requires an assessment of any damage occurring to other cable components.

observation in Table below

Method :IEC 60794-1-21-E11 (Procedure-I).

Test Specs. :The fibre and the component parts of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage when the cable is repeatedly wrapped and unwrapped 4 complete turns of 10 complete cycles around a mandrel of 20 D, where D is the diameter of the cable. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.

Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths. The sheath shall not show any cracks visible to the naked eye, when examined whilst still wrapped on the mandrel.

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.9 Temperature Cycling (Type Test):

Objective :To determine the stability behavior of the attenuation of a cable subjected to temperature changes, which may occur during storage, transportation and usage.

Method :IEC 60794-1-22-F1. (To be tested on Standard cable length of drum i.e 2 Km \pm 5% .)

Test Specs. :The permissible temperature range for storage and operation will be from -20°C to +70°C. The rate of change of temperature during the test shall be 1°C per minute approx. The cable shall be subjected to temperature cycling for 12 Hrs. at each temperature as given below :

Check and note down the observation in Table below

TA2 temp. : - 20°C.

TA1 temp. : - 10°C.

TB1 temp. : + 60°C.

TB2 temp. : + 70°C.

The test shall be conducted for 2 cycles at the above temperatures.

Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre under test shall be \leq 0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths for the entire temperature range.

Test Results:

A) Cable length code:

Temperature: Ambient

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of						on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose	Fibre	1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

B) Cable length code:

Temperature: - 20 °C

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

C) Cable length code:

Temperature : - 10 °C

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

D) Cable length code:

Temperature : + 60 °C

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

E) Cable length code:

Temperature : + 70 °C

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation
of	of					Attenuati	on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose	Fibre	1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

F) Cable length code:

Temperature : Ambient

Colour	Colour	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.10	Cable Ageing Test (Type Test) :	Check and note		
		down the		
	Objective :To check the cable material change	observation in Table		
	dimensionally as the cable ages.	below		
	Method : IEC 60794-1-22-F9			

Test Specs: At the completion of temperature cycle test, the test cable shall be exposed to 85 ± 2 °C for 168 hours. The attenuation measurement at 1310 & 1550 nm wave length to be made after stabilization of the test cable at ambient temperature for 24 hours.

Requirement :The increase in attenuation allowed < 0.05 dB at 1310 nm & 1550 nm

Note: The attenuation changes are to be calculated with respect to the base line attenuation values measured at room temperature before temperature cycling.

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre						on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.11 Water Penetration Test (Type Test) :

Objective: The aim of this test is to ensure that installed jelly filled Metal Free Optical Fibre cable will not allow water passage along its length.

Method : IEC 60794-1-22-F5

Test Specs. : A circumferential portion of the cable end (with HDPE sheath, after removing the nylon jacket) shall face the water head. The water tight sleeve shall be applied over the cable. The cable shall be supported horizontally and two meter water head containing sufficient quantity of water soluble fluorescent dye for the detection of seepage, shall be applied on the HDPE sheath for a period of 7 (seven) days, at ambient temperature. No other coloured dye is permitted.

Requirement: No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length cable sample is examined with ultraviolet light detector.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Length code	End	Date	Time In	Date	Time	Observation /
No.					Out	Remarks
	Тор					
Sample no 1	Bottom					
Sample no 2	Тор					
Sample 110 2	Bottom					

4.12 Flexural Rigidity Test on the optical fibre cable (Type Test):

Objective: To check the Flexural Rigidity of the metal free optical fibre cable.

Method: To be tested as per ASTM D-790

Test Specs: The fibre and the component parts of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage in the cable when subjected to Flexural Rigidity Test as per the above method. The attenuation shall be noted after and before the completion of the test.

Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be < 0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelength. The sheath shall not show any cracks visible to the naked eye.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation
of	of Fibre					Attenuation	on (dB)	/ Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.13	Test of Figure of 8 (Eight) on the cable (Type Test	Check and note
		down the
	Objective: Check of easiness in formation of figure	observation in Table
	of 8 of the cable during installation in the field.	below as well as
		cable diameter
	Test Method: 1000 meter of the cable shall be	change/kink
	uncoiled from the cable reel and shall be	introduced if any
	arranged in figure of 8 (eight) shape. The	

dimensions of each loop of the figure of 8 shall be maximum 2 meters.

Requirement: It shall be possible to make figure of 8 of minimum 1000 meters of the cable uncoiled from the cable reel, without any difficulty. No visible damage shall occur.

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

4.14	Static Bend test (Type Test) :	Check and note
		down the
	Objective: To check the cable under Static bend	observation in Table
		below
	Method: As per the clause no 4.8 of the GR or	
	alternatively as per ASTM D790.	
	Test Specs : The cable shall be subjected to	
	static bend test. The optical fibre cable shall be bend	
	on a mandrel having a diameter of 10 D (D - is diameter	
	of the cable).	

Requirement : The change in attenuation of the
fibre after the test shall be < 0.05 dB both for
1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelength. Sheath shall
not show any cracks visible the naked eye when
examined whilst still wrapped on the mandrel.

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation /
of	of Fibre					Attenuation	on (dB)	Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.15 Cable Sheath Yield Strength And Ultimate Elongation

:

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Objective: To check the yield strength and elongation of polyethylene (HDPE) cable sheath.

Test Method: FOTP-89 or ASTM D1248 Type III Class.

Test Condition:

- 1) Sample shall be taken from a completed cable (The nylon to be removed for this test). The aged sample shall be conditioned at $100 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C for 120 hours before testing.
- 2) The cross-head speed shall be 50 mm per minute.

Requirement:

Sheath	Minimur	m Yield	Minimum
Material	Strer	ngth	Elongation
	(MPa)	(psi)	(%)
HDPE un-	16.5	2400	400
aged			
HDPE	12.4	1800	375
aged			

Colour	Colour	Initial F	Reading	Final R	eading	Change	in	Observation /
of	of Fibre					Attenuation (dB)		Remarks
Loose		1310	1550	1310	1550	1310	1550	
tube		nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	

4.16	To check of quality of the loose tube (containing	Check and note
	optical fibre) (Type Test) :	down the
		observation in Table
	a. Embrittlement Test method	below
	This test method is based on bending by compression	
	and reflects embrittlement much better than the other	
	tensile tests. This test is independent of wall thickness	
	of the loose tube.	

Sample: The minimum length of the test sample depends on the outside diameter of the loose tube and should be 85 mm for tubes upto 2.5 mm outside dia. The length of the bigger tubes should be calculated by using the following equation:

Lo > 100 x
$$\sqrt{(D^2 + d^2)}$$

Where, Lo = Length of tube under test.

D = Outside dia of loose tube.

d = Inside dia of loose tube.

Procedure: Both the ends of a buffer tube test sample may be mounted in a tool, which is clamped in jaws of a tensile machine which exerts a constant rate of movement. The movable jaw may move at a rate of 50 mm per minute towards the fixed jaw. Under load, the tube will bend so that it is subjected to tensile and compressive stresses. The fixture for holding the tube should be designed in a manner that the tube might bend in all directions without further loading.

Requirement: The tube should not get embrittled. No kink should appear on the tube up to the safe bend diameter of tube (15 D), where D is the outside diameter of the loose tube. There should also not be any physical damage or mark on the tube surface.

b. Kink Resistance Test method

Objective: To safeguard the delicate optical fibres, the quality of the loose tube material should be such that no kink or damage to the tube occur while it is being handled during installation and in splicing operations.

Method: IEC 60794-1-23-G7

Procedure: To check the kink resistance of the loose tube, a longer length of the loose tube is taken (with fibre and gel), a loop is made and loop is reduced to the minimum bend radius of loose tube i.e. 15 D (where D is the out side dia of the loose tube). This test is to be repeated 4 times on the same sample length of the loose tube.

Requirement: No damage or kink should appear on the surface of the tube.

Test Results a:

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

Length Code No. Observation	Remarks
-----------------------------	---------

4.17 Drainage Test for loose Tube and Drip test on the cable (Type Test):

a) Drainage Test for loose Tube

Sample Size: 30 cm tube length.

Test procedure

- i. Cut the tube length to 40 cm.
- ii. Fill the tube with the tube filling gel ensuring that there are no air bubbles and the tube is completely full.
- iii. Place the filled tube in a horizontal position on a clean worktop and cut 5 cm from either end so that the finished length of the sample is 30 cm.
- iv. Leave the filled tube in a horizontal position at an ambient temperature for 24 hrs
- v. The sample tube is then suspended vertically in an environment heat oven over a weighed beaker. It is left in the oven at a temperature of 70°C for a period of 24 Hrs.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

vi. At the end of the 24 Hrs period the beaker is checked and weighed to see if there is any gel in the beaker.

Requirement:

- If there is no gel or oil in the beaker the tube has PASSED the drainage test.
- ii. If there is gel or oil in the beaker the tube has FAILED the drainage test.
- b) New Clause: Drip test on the cable

Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of jelly in the optical fibre cable to withstand a temperature of 70°C.

Method: IEC 60794-1-22-F16

Test Specs.: Take a sample of 30 cm length of the cable with one end sealed by end cap. Remove outer jacket, binder tapes for 5 cm from open end of the sample. Clean the jelly. Then the sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70° C with a paper under the sample.

Requirement: Examine the paper placed below the cable inside the oven for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

Test Results b:

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

4.18 Check of easy removal of sheath: Check and note down the **Objective:** Check of the easy removal of sheath of observation in Table the optical fibre cable by using normal sheath removal below tool. Procedure: To check easy removal, the sheath shall be cut in circular way and the about 300 mm length of the sheath should be removed in one operation. It should be observed during sheath removal process that no undue extra force is applied and no component part of the cable is damaged. One should be able to remove the sheath easily).

Note: Easy removal of both the outer jacket and the inner sheath shall be checked separately.

Test Results:

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

4.19 Check of Effect of aggressive media on the cable surface (Acidic and alkaline behavior) (Type Test) :

Procedure: To check the effect of aggressive media, solution of PH4 and PH10 shall are made. The two test samples of the finished cable, each of 600 mm in length, are taken and the ends of the samples are sealed. These test samples are put in the PH4 and PH10 solutions separately. After 30 days these samples are taken out from the solutions and examined for any corrosion etc on the sheath and other markings of the cables. (Test method no. ISO175).

Requirement: The sample should not show any effect of these solution on the sheath and other marking of the cable.

Check and note down the observation in Table below

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

5.0	Engineering Requirements:	
5.1	Cable Marking :	
5.1.1	A long lasting suitable marking shall be applied in order to identify this cable from other cables. The cable marking shall be imprinted (indented). The marking on the cable shall be indelible of durable quality and at regular intervals	The method of imprinting (Indenting) and its quality must be checked as per the
	of one meter length. The accuracy of the sequential marking must be within -0.25% to +0.5% of the actual measured length. The sequential length markings must not rub off during normal installation and in life time of optical fibre cable. The total length of the cable supplied shall not be in negative tolerance.	requirement of the GR and also the accuracy of the sequential marking shall be checked by standard measuring scale at three different places. It shall meet the requirement of the clause.
5.1.2	The marking shall be in black colour over the orange colour nylon jacket and shall be done by hot foil	The contrast colour shall be checked &
	indentation method. It must clearly contrast with the	noted and the methor

	surface. The colour used must withstand the	of imprinting
	environmental influences experienced in the field:	(Indenting) must be
		checked as per the
		requirement of the
		clause.
5.1.3	The type of legend marking on O.F. cable shall be as	This shall be checked
	follows:	as per the requirement
		of the clause and the
	a) Company Legend	observation to be
	b) Legend containing telephone mark &	noted.
	international acceptable Laser symbol	
	c) Type of Fibre – G.652 D/ G.657 A 1	
	d) Type of cable	
	e) Number of Fibres	
	f) Year of manufacture	
	g) Sequential length marking	
	h) User's identification	
	i) Cable ID	
5.2	Cable Ends:	
5.2.1	Both cable ends (the beginning end and end of the cable	The requirement of the
	reel) shall be sealed and readily accessible. Minimum 5	clause shall be
	meter of the cable of the beginning end of the reel shall	checked in detail and
	accessible for testing. Both ends of the cable shall be kept	the observation to be
	inside the drums and shall be located so as to be easily	noted.
	accessible for the test. The drum (conforming to GR No.	
	G/CBD-01/02 Nov. 94 (or latest release) and subsequent	
	amendments if any) should be marked to identify the	
	direction of rotation of the drum. Both ends of cable shall	

be provided with cable pulling (grip) stocking and the anti twist device (free head hook). The wooden drums shall be properly treated against termites and other insects during transportation and storage. The manufacturer shall submit the methodology used for the same.	
properly treated against termites and other insects during transportation and storage. The manufacturer shall submit	
transportation and storage. The manufacturer shall submit	
the methodology used for the same	
the methodology used for the same.	
5.2.2 An anti twist device (Free head hook) shall be provided The tensile stre	ngth
attached to the both the ends of the cable pulling requirement shall	be
arrangement. The arrangement of the pulling eye and its checked with pu	ılling
coupling system, along with the anti twist system, shall eye and its cou	oling
withstand the prescribed tensile load applicable to the system along with	the
cable. anti-twist device	shall
be checked and no	oted.
5.3 The nominal drum length:	
5.3.1 Length of OF Cable in each drum shall be 2 Km / 4Km / Check as per the	
8Km / 10Km . and shall be supplied as per the order. The requirement of the	
variation in length of optical fibre cable in each drum shall clause and comme	nt.
be ± 5% to ±10%, as decided by the purchaser .	
Purchaser may at their discretion procure shorter length	
cable drum as per their requirement.	
5.3.2 The fibres in cable length shall not have any joint.	
This shall be exam	ined
for each fibre	and
observations to	be
noted. A certifi	cate
/undertaking may	be
obtained for the	bulk

5.3.3	The drum shall be marked with arrows to indicate the	Check as per the
	direction of rotation.	requirement of the
		clause.
5.3.4	Packing list supplied with each drum shall have at least	The packing list shall
	the following information:	be checked as per the
		requirement and
	a) Drum No.	observation to be
	b) Type of cables	noted.
	c) Physical Cable length	
	d) No. of fibres	
	e) Length of each fibre as measured by OTDR	
	f) The Cable factor - ratio of fibre / cable length	
	g) Attenuation per Km. of each fibre at 1310 &	
	1550 nm	
	h) User's / Consignee's Name	
	i) Manufacturer's Name, Month, Year and Batch	
	No.	
	j) Group refractive index of fibres	
	k) Purchase Order No	
	I) Cable ID	
5.4	Colour coding in the O.F. Cable:	
5.4.1	The colorant applied to individual fibres shall be readily	Check as per the
	identifiable throughout the life time of the cable and shall	requirement of the
	match and conform to the MUNSELL color standards	clause and comment.
	(For EIA standard EIA-598-D) or IEC Publication 304 (4).	
5.4.2	Colour Coding Scheme :	The colour coding
		identification method
	When the loose tubes are placed in circular format, the	shall be checked &
L		1

marking to indicate the loose tube no. "1" shall be in blue observation colour followed by loose tube no.2 of orange and so on for other tubes as per the colour scheme given below at Table-1 and complete the circular format by placing the dummy /fillers at the end.

be to noted as per the requirement of the clause.

Table -1: Colour Coding scheme of Loose tube

Loose tube	Loose tube
No./Sequence	identification
1	Blue
2	Orange
3	Green
4	Brown
5	Slate
6	White
7	Red
8	Black
9	Yellow
10	Violet
11	Rose/Pink
12	Aqua

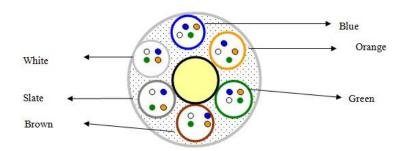
Depending upon the number of fibres in a loose tube (which depends on the cable capacity), the fibres within each loose tube are serially chosen starting from blue colour as per the colour scheme given below at Table-2. Last one of the fibres in a tube shall be of natural color, while the rest of fibres are colored.

Table -2: Colour Coding scheme of the Optical Fibre within Loose tube

Fibre No./Sequence	Fibre identification	
within loose tube		
1	Blue	
2	Orange	
3	Green	
4	Brown	
5	Slate	
6	White	
7	Red	
8	Black	
9	Yellow	
10	Violet	
11	Rose/Pink	
12	Natural	

Color coding of Loose Tubes for 24 fibres (Refer Table

1)



(Loose Tube Colour: Blue, Orange, Green, Brown, Slate, White)

	Color coding of 24 Fibres within Loose Tubes (Refer Table - 2) Natural Orange Green (Fiber Colour : Blue , Orange, Green, Natural)	
6.0	Quality Requirements :	
6.1	The cable shall be manufactured in accordance with the international quality standards ISO 9001-2015 (or latest issue) for which the manufacturer should be duly accredited. The Quality Manual shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and verify the validity of the ISO certificate.
6.2	Raw Material:	
6.2.1	The cable shall use the raw materials approved against the Standard No TEC 89010:2021 (or latest issue) and the subsequent amendments issued, if any. The list and details of the Raw Materials used, the make and grade of the raw material and valid certificate of source approval issued by CACT or any other Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) recognized by TEC, shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
6.2.2	Any other materials use shall be clearly indicated by the manufacturer. The detailed technical specifications of such raw materials used shall be furnished by the	The details of the materials shall be taken and checked.

	manufacturer at the time of evaluation/testing.	
6.2.3	The raw materials used from multiple sources is permitted.	The details shall be
	The source / sources of raw materials (Type and grade)	obtained from the
	from where these have been procured shall be submitted	manufacturer and
	by the manufacturer .	checked.
6.2.4	The manufacturer can change the raw material from one	This shall be checked
	approved source to other approved source with the	as per the requirement
	approval of QA, wing of purchaser . The change of	of the clause.
	source/grade of SM Optical Fibre and/or design of cable	
	shall call for fresh type approval/certification. The clauses	
	10.2 and 10.3 of this Standard for GR shall facilitate the	
	clause 6.2.4 of this Standard for GR, in order to simplify	
	the certification process and to avoid repetitive testing.	
6.2.5	The HDPE, Black in colour used for sheath shall be UV	Certificate to be
	stabilized.	obtained as per the
		requirement of the
	Note: Test certificate from CACT or any Conformity	clause.
	Assessment Body(CAB) recognized by TEC may be	
	acceptable for the UV stability of the HDPE sheath	
	material. Source Approval Certificate(SAC) issued by	
	CACT against Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest	
	release) for the HDPE raw material used, indicating UV	
	stabilized grade, may also be acceptable in this respect.	
6.2.6	The material used in optical fibre cable must not evolve	Certificate/Undertaking
	hydrogen that will affect the fibre loss.	may be obtained as per
		the requirement of the
	Note: A test certificate from a recognized laboratory or	clause.
	institute may be acceptable.	

6.3	Cable Material Compatibility:	Check as per the
		requirement of the
	Optical fibre, buffers/core tubes, and other core	clause and comment.
	components shall meet the requirements of the	Certificate may be
	compatibility with buffer/core tube filling material(s) and/or	obtained.
	water-blocking materials that are in direct contact with	
	identified components within the cable structure (This	
	shall be tested as per clause no. 6.3.4 of Telecordia	
	document GR-20-CORE issue 4, July 2013 or as per IEC	
	60794-1-219).	
	Note: The tests may be conducted in house (if facility	
	exist) or may be conducted at CACT any Conformity	
	Assessment Body(CAB) recognized by TEC. The test	
	certificate may be accepted and the tests may not be	·
	repeated subsequently, in next type approvals, if the raw	
	material used is of same make and grade.	
7.0	Safety Requirements:	
7.4	The metavial world in the many fact wine of the Outical fibra	The details may be
7.1	The material used in the manufacturing of the Optical fibre	-
	cables shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its	
	lifetime and shall not be hazardous to health. The	· ·
	manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data	may be obtained.
	Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of OF	
	Cable to substantiate the statement.	
	Note: Latest issue of the Chardende mantismed in the	
	Note: Latest issue of the Standards mentioned in the	
	GR, may be referred.	

CHAPTER-2

Clause	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc.
No.		*
8.0	Documentation :	
8.1	Complete technical literature in English with	Details submitted by the
	detailed cable construction diagram of	manufacturer shall be
	various sub-components with dimensions,	checked as per the
	weight & test data and other details of the	requirement of the clause.
	cable shall be provided.	
8.2	All aspects of cable installation, operation,	Details submitted by the
	maintenance and fibre splicing shall also be	manufacturer shall be
	covered in the handbook. The pictorial	checked as per the
	diagrams of the accessories (with model no.	requirement of the clause
	and manufacturer name) supplied along with	
	the cable as package shall be also be	
	submitted. A hard as well as soft copy of the	
	manuals shall be provided.	
9.0	New Clause: Information for the	
	Procurer/User:	
9.1	It is suggested that the Optical fibre cable	
3.1	supplied in a particular route is	
	manufactured from a single source of optical	
	fibres.	
9.2	User shall check for compatibility issues that	Compatibility issues may be
3.2	may arise because of different fibre types and	quantified by bidirectional
	MFD mismatch.	splice loss and MFD
	MI D MISMALON.	Spilot 1035 and IVII D

		mismatch between the fibres	
		if any.	
10.0	New Clause: Procedure for issue of Approva	<mark>l Certificate</mark>	
10.1	The approval certificate against this Standard for GR shall be issued		
	subsequent to successful testing against the clauses of this Standard.		
10.2	Single Mode Optical Fibre used in manufacturing optical fibre cables shall be		
	as per ITU-T Rec. G.652 D or G.657 A1. The manufacturer having a valid		
	approval certificate against this Standard for GR for cable of specific fibre		
	count and specific fibre type, may also seek approval certificate for cable		
	having same fibre count but different fibre type, provided the manufacturer		
	gets testing done for all corresponding and concerned parameters. This will		
	be applicable when there is change only in the fibre type while all other cable		
	design parameters and fibre count remain the same.		
10.3	The manufacturer having valid approval certificate against this Standard for		
	GR for cable with higher fibre count and specif	ic fibre type, may seek approval	
	certificate for cable with lower fibre count without conducting actual tests,		
	provided that all cable design parameters inclu	uding the fibre type being same.	
10.4	The clauses 10.2 and 10.3 shall be read in co	njunction with the clause 6.2.4	

Note: Manufacturer shall provide at least two cable drums (of 2 Kms each approx.) for testing with regard to issue of approval certificate.

^{*}Physical Check/Declaration/Documentation/ Report from Accredited test lab/ Functional verification / Information / Test No.

I. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

GR/IR No
TSTP No
Equipment name & Model No

Clause	Compliance	Remarks /
No.	(Complied /Not Complied / Submitted/Not Submitted	Test Report
	/ Not Applicable)	Annexure No.

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Date:

Place:

Signature & Name of TEC testing Officer /

* Signature of Applicant / Authorized Signatory

^{*} Section J as given above is also to be submitted by the Applicant/ Authorised signatory as part of in-house test results along with Form-A. The Authorised signatory shall be the same as the one for Form 'A'.